



There's One Range
That's Always Good

Glenwood

"Makes Cooking Easy"

Your Old Range taken in Exchange

REYNOLDS & SON, BARRE, VT.

GETS TEN YEARS.

Holbrook Newfane Bank Robber Sentenced to State's Prison.

Brattleboro, May 1.—The unusual spectacle of three bank burglars handcuffed together was seen in Brattleboro Saturday. The prisoners were James Howard, John F. McCarthy and Harold Holbrook, three of the gang of five men who cracked the safe in the Newfane savings bank in August, in accordance with plans made in Boston. They were on their way from Newfane, where county court is in session, to the state prison in Windsor and were accompanied by Sheriff Frank McClure of Brattleboro and Deputy Sheriff Kiniry of Windsor.

Holbrook was convicted Friday night and sentenced to not less than 10 or more than 12 years at hard labor. Howard and McCarthy were brought from the state prison, where they are serving sentences for robbing the Newfane bank, to testify against Holbrook.

Deer Chased by Dogs.

South Roylton, May 1.—Friday afternoon a deer was found disabled in the pasture of H. C. Benson, near East Bethel. After leaving it to go to the telephone, Mr. Dutton could not find it, but later it was discovered lying in the water of a brook in an adjoining meadow. It was feared that the hind legs were broken, but later it was decided they were not, but that the deer was exhausted and must have been chased by dogs. The continuous barking of dogs had been heard.

I Had Stone in the Bladder, and my kidneys were affected. None of the means taken for relief produced any lasting benefit until I began the use of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y. The pain ceased—the calculus or stone having been dissolved by the medicine. I am ready to testify that my recovery was due to Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. —E. D. W. Parsons, Rochester, N. Y.

Buy Your Paint at Home!

We sell Masury's Railroad Paint, DeVoe Lead and Zinc Paint, Pure Oil and White Lead. We can sell as well as, if not better than, outside concerns. All goods warranted.

Reynolds & Son,
HARDWARE. Barre, Vermont.

Shakespeare Knew a Thing or Two

When he gave utterance to the following:

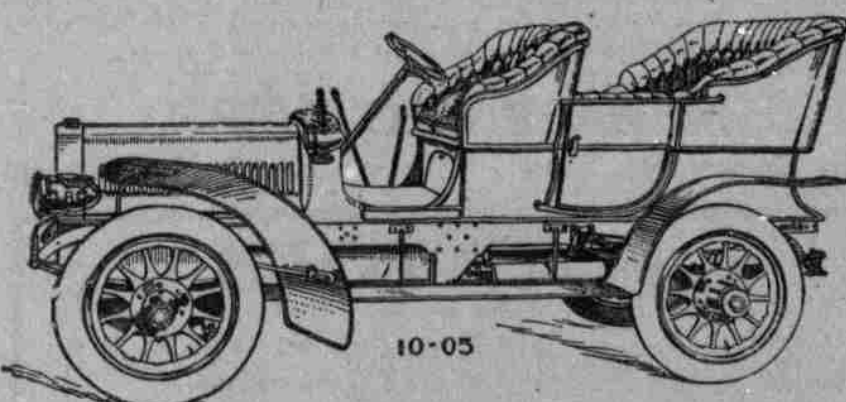
"There is a tide in the affairs of men
Which, taken at the flood, leads on to fortune."
So "get in the swim" on

Our unexcelled line of Ink and Pencil Writing Tablets,
Our popular line of National Duplicate Order Books,
Our taking line of Composition and Students' Note Books,
Our attractive line of Blank Books.

IDEAL BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE,

Hale's Block, Next Door to People's Shoe Store. W. FRANK HARRIS.

CADILLAC MODEL D



Four Cylinder Vertical Engine 30 H. P.

This is the latest addition to the line of famous Cadillac Cars, the Cars which give satisfaction. We shall be pleased to have you call and examine the new \$950 Touring Cars which we have in stock.

CADILLAC The Car That ALWAYS GOES **CADILLAC**
Standard Electric Co., Barre, Vermont.

HIS ONE VIRTUE

(Original.)

Utility is not the quality best adapted to make one beloved. Many a successful man who has by energy, integrity and steady application acquired the wherewithal to give him prominence and to benefit his fellow beings has been cordially hated, while some scapegrace has been winning hearts.

Bob Flemming belonged to the latter class. Judged by the standard of utility, he was a failure; by the standard of morals he was not a success; by the standard of literal truth he was a most incorrigible liar. Nevertheless he was universally beloved. He possessed an open, honest countenance which by good rights should have belonged to the aforesaid man who produces results with which to make people happy. His smile was that of innocence. His pocketbook was open to all, though unfortunately at the time he came of age the luxuries in which he had been brought up took wings and flew away, leaving him little or nothing to give.

When Flemming went home from college to find that his father had failed in business the young man's crouches agreed that there was but one hope for him—a marriage with a wealthy girl. Nevertheless he paid attention only to such girls as struck his fancy, or, rather, all girls, for all girls pleased him, rich and poor alike. As for the girls, they swarmed about him as flies about honey.

Several years passed, during which Bob Flemming sank deeper and deeper in debt. Nevertheless at the sight of distress down would go his hand into his pocket, and if there was anything at the bottom the sufferer was sure to get it. But suddenly his friends were pleased to see that there was every prospect of a marriage between him and Miss Josephine Gridley, a young woman possessed of \$20,000 a year in her own right. How a person of as much principle, sense of justice and rigid right should accept a young man whose only guides were his heart and his fancy no one could explain. Nor was it to be expected that such a male butterfly should be pleased with a steady going girl. Nevertheless the two were very much in love with each other, and though Miss Gridley was in doubt about the propriety of the match she became the promised bride of Bob Flemming.

During the engagement the young man's inventive genius was constantly required to explain away sundry little matters pertaining to his financial affairs. Finally he made a blunder that broke off the match. He became infatuated with typewriting. What he proposed to do with the acquirement of an ability to use a typewriter no one knew, but he bought one on the installment plan—and as soon as he could hammer out words with one finger he thought it would be a fine thing to write a typewritten letter to his fiancée. While engaged in the work a letter from his tailor was handed him in which the knight of the shears threatened him in case of his not at once remitting an indebtedness incurred two years before to sue the account and publish him as a "dead beat." Bob was called away from the typewriter and when he returned, intending to place his letter to Miss Gridley in an envelope for her, put in by mistake the letter from his tailor.

The first he knew of his mistake was receiving a note from his fiancée announcing that she had reconsidered the matter of his acceptance, and her reply was "No." Bob went posthaste to see her. She handed him the tailor's letter. He was staggered, but only for a moment.

"That's the most rascally piece of business I ever heard of," he said. "But it is not the ingratitude of this man, whom I have befriended, that makes me sad. It is that you should have listened to as wicked a scheme to injure me."

"What do you mean?" asked Miss Gridley.

"Mean! Why, it's as plain as the sun in heaven. The man has sent this infamous demand to you to stab me."

"He sent it? I thought you must have sent it by mistake."

"Do you suppose I would address a note on a typewriter to the girl I love?"

"Are you telling the truth?"

"Do you doubt me? Very well. Before we part forever I will show you how unjust you have been. If the rascal don't send you an apology at once I'll withdraw my patronage and expose the transaction to the many customers I have recommended to give him theirs."

Miss Gridley was deeply moved, though sufficiently practical to defer judgment. The next morning a humble apology came from the tailor, who threw the blame on one of his clerks who had a grudge against Mr. Flemming and sought to injure him by sending his fiancée a dunning letter for an account which had long ago been settled. The poor girl was much distressed at having lent ear to so base a calumny and begged the dear, persecuted boy's forgiveness. He promised to take the matter into consideration and after keeping her anxious for a week forgave her.

Backed by a comfortable income, Mr. Flemming continued to be prominent in that circle of society which considers one of its own members better than those, however prominent, who are outside of it. He led cotillions, arranged dinners, managed private theatricals, besides playing polo and hunting the fox. With all this to occupy him he found time to lead a beggar into an alley that he might unseen give comfort to a distressed fellow being—with his wife's money. Who shall say that he is less to be admired than a self made millionaire who gives for the world's applause?

FLORENCE ETHEL CROSBY.

LABOR LEADERS ARE INDICTED

Latest Move in Chicago Strike Troubles

REACHED SATURDAY NIGHT

Employers' Association Not Seeking Peace and Trouble May Spread Still Further—Action of the Courts.

Chicago, May 1.—Twelve labor leaders prominently identified with the teamsters' strike now in progress in Chicago were indicted Saturday night by the grand jury in this city. They are Cornelius P. Shea, president of the international teamsters' union; Hugh McGee, president of the truck drivers' union; Jeremiah McCarthy, business agent of the truck drivers' union; M. F. Keley, president of the market drivers' union; Charles Wilbrandt, secretary of the teamsters' joint council; George F. Golden, president of the packing house teamsters' union; James B. Barry, president of the railway express drivers' union; John Smyth, president of the coal drivers' union; Harry Lapp, business agent of the coal drivers' union; Charles Dodd, president of the Chicago federation of labor; Steven Summer, president of the milk drivers' union; J. W. Young, business agent of the baggage and parcel drivers' union. It is expected that the defendants will appear in court today to furnish bonds for their appearance when wanted.

The most important evidence on which the indictments were found came Saturday night from Frederick Job, secretary of the employers' association, and Robert J. Thorne, manager for Montgomery Ward. Thorne told of conferences held between him and the labor leaders, the threats made against Ward & Co., and the final strike of the teamsters. Mr. Job gave similar evidence. Frederick A. Forbes, president of the Forbes teaming company, told of repeated threats against his company. One count in the indictments charges the defendants with conspiring to prevent all persons not members of the teamsters' union from securing employment as drivers. This is described in the count as being contrary to "police morals." Another count charges conspiracy to prevent any union teamster from handling goods to or from Ward & Co. This is called contrary to trade morals.

BOUNTIES FOR 6 MONTHS.

State of Vermont Paid \$8,809.05 for Wind-up.

Figures have been compiled by State Auditor H. F. Graham of Craftsbury, showing the number of animals reported and the bounties paid between April 30, 1904 and October 27, 1904, when the act ceased to be effective. No returns had been received from forty-two towns April 15, 1905.

These returns show that during this period of not quite six months there had been killed 2,409 foxes on which was paid 75 cents each, a bounty of \$1,806.75; 15 lynxes, on which was paid at \$5 each, \$75; 14,761 hedgehogs, on which was paid at 30 cents each, \$4,428.30; 55 rattlesnakes, on which was paid at \$1 each, \$55; 36 bears on which was paid at \$12 each, \$432; and 1 panther, on which was paid at \$12 each, \$12. The total amount paid in bounties aggregated \$6,809.05.

The animals on which bounties were paid were divided among the several counties of the state as follows: Addison county—Foxes, 206 lynxes, 1; hedgehogs, 854; bears, 5. Bennington county—Foxes 44; hedgehogs 2,481; lynxes 6. Caledonia county—Foxes 351; hedgehogs 1,184.

Chittenden county—Foxes 65; hedgehogs 2,418; lynxes 6. Essex county—Foxes 104; hedgehogs 80; bears 3. Franklin county—Foxes 30; hedgehogs 42; bears 4; panthers 1. Grand Isle county—Hedgehogs 4. Lamoille county—Foxes 125; hedgehogs 579. Orange county—Foxes 201; hedgehogs 396. Orleans county—Foxes 103; hedgehogs 106. Rutland county—Foxes 217; lynxes 1; hedgehogs 955; rattlesnakes 51; bears 14. Washington county—Foxes 160; lynxes 2; hedgehogs 5,452; bears 2. Windham county—Foxes 273; lynxes 3; hedgehogs 898; bears 3. Windsor county—Foxes 440; lynxes 2; hedgehogs 1,032; rattlesnakes 4; bears 1.

For the year ending April 30, 1903, bounties were paid on noxious animals as follows: On 6,507 foxes, \$4,880.25; on 74 lynxes, \$370; on 7,196 hedgehogs, \$2,158.80; on 67 bears, \$804; on 117 rattlesnakes, \$117. The bounty on foxes from April 30 to December 12, 1902, was 60 cents and for the remainder of the year 75 cents. The payment of hedgehog bounties did not begin until December 12, 1902, so that the amount paid during the year ending April 30, 1903, covered only a little more than a third of the year.

For the year ending April 30, 1904, bounties were paid as follows: On 4,980 foxes, \$3,735; on 21,556 hedgehogs, \$6,467.70; on 91 lynxes, \$455; on 46 bears, \$552; on 60 rattlesnakes, \$60. Vermont paid between April 30, 1902, and October 27, 1904, as bounties on noxious animals, \$28,208.80, and on hedgehogs alone from December 12, 1902, to October 27, 1904, \$13,054.80.

The British Museum.

The British museum keeps to the old ways. In the general catalogue the letters I and J and U and V are mixed up just as they were in the days of our grandfathers. It is for this reason that "Joseph" comes before "Ireland" and "Virgil" before a word like "unit."

WORKING WOMEN

Their Hard Struggle Made Easier—Interesting Statements by a Young Lady in Boston and One in Nashville, Tenn.



All women work; some in their homes, some in church, and some in the whirl of society. And in stores, mills and shops tens of thousands are on the never-ceasing treadmill, earning their daily bread.

All are subject to the same physical laws; all suffer alike from the same physical disturbance, and the nature of their duties, in many cases, quickly drifts them into the horrors of all kinds of female complaints, ovarian troubles, ulceration, falling and displacements of the womb, leucorrhoea, or perhaps irregularity or suppression of "monthly periods," causing backache, nervousness, irritability and lassitude.

Women who stand on their feet all day are more susceptible to these troubles than others.

They especially require an invigorating, sustaining medicine which will strengthen the female organism and enable them to bear easily the fatigues of the day, to sleep well at night, and to rise refreshed and cheerful.

How distressing to see a woman struggling to earn a livelihood or perform her household duties when her back and head are aching, she is so tired she can hardly drag about or stand up, and every movement causes pain, the origin of which is due to some derangement of the female organism.

Miss F. Orser of 14 Warrenton Street, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Other Fail.

Boston, tells women how to avoid such suffering; she writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— "I suffered misery for several years with irregular menstruation. My back ached; I had bearing down pains, and frequent headaches; I could not sleep and could hardly drag around. I consulted two physicians without relief, and as a last resort, I tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and to my surprise, every ache and pain left me. I gained ten pounds and am in perfect health."

Miss Pearl Ackers of 327 North Sumner Street, Nashville, Tenn., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— "I suffered with painful periods, severe backache, bearing down pains, pains across the abdomen; was very nervous and irritable, and my trouble grew worse every month. My physician failed to help me, and I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I soon found it was doing me good. All my pains and aches disappeared, and I no longer fear my monthly periods."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the unfailing cure for all these troubles. It strengthens the nervous muscles, and displacement with all its horrors will no more crush you.

Backache, dizziness, fainting, bearing down pains, disordered stomach, moodiness, dislike of friends and society—all symptoms of the one cause will be quickly dispelled, and it will make you strong and well.

You can tell the story of your sufferings to a woman, and receive helpful advice free of cost. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

SONS OF VETERANS.

State Encampment to Be Held at Richmond June 13-15.

Richford, May 1.—The twenty-third annual encampment of the Vermont Division, Sons of Veterans, will be held in conjunction with the fifteenth annual meeting of the Vermont Division, Ladies' Aid Societies of the Sons of Veterans, to be held here Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, June 13, 14, and 15.

New England Postmasters.

Washington, May 1.—The following fourth-class postmasters were appointed yesterday: Maine, East Andover, Mary P. Crocker; Vermont, Wheelock, George E. Goss.

HELD WITHOUT BAIL.

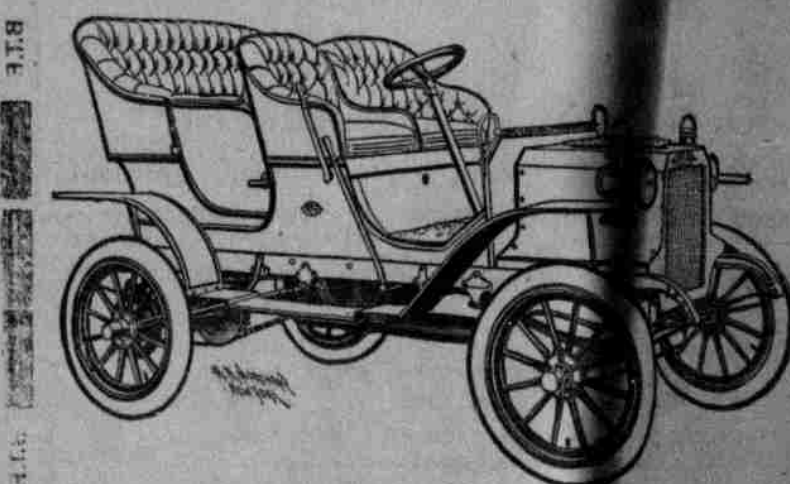
Richard Harvey of South Ryegate Has Plead Not Guilty.

Woodsville, N. H., May 1.—Richard Harvey of South Ryegate, N. H., pleaded not guilty to a charge of manslaughter, in connection with the death of Percy K. Hartson of Hardwick, on court here yesterday, and was held for the grand jury without bail. The grand jury meets at Plymouth next Tuesday.

Witnesses examined showed that Harvey, meeting Hartson on the street here Thursday night, attacked him without provocation, knocking him down. He died later from a fractured skull. Both men had been drinking.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Doctors have used Ayer's over sixty years. We are selling anxious that you should know your own doctor about your coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc.

Reo 5-Passenger Touring Car!



* Two-cylinder horizontal 16 h. p., with long hill-climbing stroke. Weight 1500 lbs., with detachable tourer. Price \$1250. Also can furnish Reo Runabout, 3 h. p., 850 lbs., at \$650. Both equipped with two lamps and horn. The Reo is invented and built by R. E. Olds, the inventor of the Oldsmobile. Will be pleased to give demonstrations. E. N. ALDRICH, Agent, Graniteville, Vt.

Special Bargains This Week Only

Pay Cash and Get Your Rebate Checks.

One large bottle of Columbia Catsup,	23c
Two cans of best String Beans,	25c
Two cans of best Corn,	25c
Two cans of best Peas,	25c
One can of Tomatoes,	13c

Usual price for the above, \$1.11
SPECIAL PRICE FOR THIS WEEK, 95 CENTS

CHESSER & BIRD,

Telephone 232-12

323 North Main Street.

Meats and Groceries.